3 I's to Financial Freedom

- Income
- -Money/Assets
- Insurance
- Protection
- Investment
- -Ways to make more money/Retirement

Income

- Income-Money received especially on a regular basis for work or through investments.
- Budget-A Financial plan for spending and saving money.
- Money- a current medium of exchange of coins and bank notes collectively. "Just a tool"
- •Live within your means, 10%(tithes) 10% (savings) 80% (household)

Income Genesis 2:8-15

- 4 riverheads (Streams for Security)
- Pishon River (Gold and Onyx)=Passion
- Gihon River (Security)=Employment
- Hiddekel River (Residual)=Investment
- Euphrates River (Empty in another)=Retirement If one dries up, others still supply!!!

Insurance

•Insurance-a practice or arrangement by which a company or government agency provides a guarantee of compensation for specified loss, damage, illness, or death in return for payment of premium.

•Insured-a person or organization covered by insurance.

Types of Insurance

Auto Insurance

Health Insurance

Gap Insurance

Life Insurance

Homeowner Insurance

Renter's Insurance

Why Investments?

- Preparing for Retirement
- Living in Retirement
- Paying for Education
- Preparing for the Unexpected
- Estate Considerations

Investment

 Investment-The action or process of expending money with the expectation of achieving a profit or material gain.

 Begin to invest, when your credit is in order. Your credit score will be your guide.

Investment

•Risk- The probability that an actual return on an investment will be lower than the expected return.

 Chance- Unexpected, unplanned, unpredictable event that occurs with out cause or design and is not explainable

Retirement on Lottery

Lottery Chances 100,000,000 to 1

Powerball Chance 185,000,000 to 1

Retirement

• Retirement Age: 62early, 65 traditionally, 70 late (leave the workforce)

 Future- Continue to maintain your lifestyle financial later in life

Retirement

•Social Security sets the age (66) for retiring for government assistance. The age to receive Social Security is gradually rising to 67.

•As you get older the more you want your money working for you, not you working for your money.

Social Security

Age 62-Receive 80% of Benefits

Age 66 -Receive 100% of Benefits

Age 70-Receive 100% of Benefits

Living in Retirement

- •Life Expectation 71 years- 68.5 males, 73.5 females
- •Will your employment last until you turn 65?
- Can you perform your duties of your career until you turn 65?
- Will your company still be open when you turn 65?
- Dividends- is a distribution of a portion of a company's earnings, decided by the board of directors to a class of its shareholders.

Paying for Education

Education- Potential for more Income

Degrees should be able to payback student loans

• Financial Aid is based upon income brackets. It is due before the school year starts.

Community Colleges-No ACT needed

University-ACT needed 18 entry 21 scholarships

Technical School- Based on labor force

Preparing for the Unexpected

- •Savings-The amount of income not spent on consumption or taxes. 10, 10, 80 No savings if you are in DEBT.
- •401K-A defined contribution plan where an employee can make contributions from his or her paycheck either before or after-tax, depending on the options offered in the plan. The contributions go into a 401(k) account, with the employee often choosing the investments based on options provided under the plan

Preparing for the Unexpected

- •IRA-An investing tool used by individuals to earn and earmark funds for retirement savings. There are several types of IRAs: Traditional IRAs, Roth IRAs, SIMPLE IRAs and SEP IRAs.
- •Invest in yourself or a company in which you trust.
- Investors should be responsible and wise individuals. Don't invest money above your comfort levels.

Estate Considerations

 Qualifying for Homeownership conventional loan20% down payment(unless you receive assistance from the government FHA)

Credit score of 620 or higher

Being a homeowner is still the best investment.